OG-ETH: Data Sources

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Population

- Demographics from the UN Population Prospects database
 - Fertility, mortality, and population by age
 - Historical and projected data

Labor Productivity Profiles

- National Transfer Account data
 - Distribution of income by age
- World Bank WDI
 - Overall inequality

Sectoral Production/Consumption Data

- Production-Consumption Bridge
 - Data from the International Food Policy Research Institute for Ethiopia
- Consumption expenditure shares from same as above

Macro data

- UN ILOSTAT data
 - Capital's share of income (overall)
- IMF data
 - Government spending
- World Bank Development Indicators
 - Foreign purchases of new debt issues
 - Long run growth rate in real GDP per capita
 - Government consumption expenditure

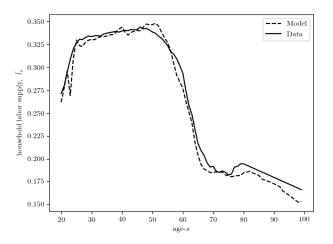
Household Survey Data

- Would like this to include:
 - Labor supply
 - Net wealth
 - Income taxes paid
 - Informal economic activity
- What are some good survey data sources?
 - Ethiopia Socioeconomic Survey (ESS) World Bank
 - Others?

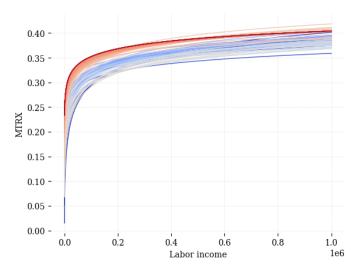
Household Survey Data

- What these can enable:
 - Calibrate disutility of labor supply to match hours worked by age
 - Calibrate rate of time preference/bequest motives to match distribution of wealth
 - Estimation of tax functions that allow for tax progressivity
 - Calibration of informal production/consumption
 - Distribution of government transfers
 - Distribution of bequests

Matching labor supply, US Example



Tax Functions, US Example



National accounts data by sector

- Could also benefit from some more detail:
 - Sector specific TFP
 - Sector specific capital shares

 - Structure of production in the informal sector
 - Small vs large firms
 - What is the role of public infrastructure in private production?

Other?

- Policy parameters:
 - Pension benefits
 - Infrastructure spending (as fraction of GDP)
 - Identifying transitory policies and accounting for them in the calibration
- Applied micro studies in Ethiopia to estimate basic household preference parameters:
 - Intertemporal elasticity of substitution, σ
 - Frisch elasticity of labor supply, θ
 - Rate of time preference, β
 - Stone-Geary preferences ("subsistence" consumption by good, $c_{min.i}$, which leads to non-homothetic preferences)